

Copyright ©2018 by the Texas Public Policy Foundation

Permission to reprint in whole or in part is hereby granted, provided the Texas Public Policy Foundation and the author are properly cited.

The Texas Public Policy Foundation is a 501(c)3 non-profit, non-partisan research institute.

The Foundation's mission is to promote and defend liberty, personal responsibility, and free enterprise in Texas and the nation by educating and affecting policymakers and the Texas public policy debate with academically sound research and outreach.

Funded by thousands of individuals, foundations, and corporations, the Foundation does not accept government funds or contributions to influence the outcomes of its research.

The public is demanding a different direction for their government, and the Texas Public Policy Foundation is providing the ideas that enable policymakers to chart that new course.

TEXAS PUBLIC POLICY FOUNDATION 901 Congress Ave., Austin, TX 78701 (512) 472-2700 Phone (512) 472-2728 Fax www.TexasPolicy.com

Medicaid Reform

The Issue

Texas Medicaid is fiscally unsound and medically inadequate. By federal law, the first state dollars expended must be for Medicaid spending, and all other state priorities must accept the leftovers. With Medicaid taking an ever-larger bite out of the Texas budget, policymakers are left with fewer opportunities to meet the needs of Texans, restrain spending, and provide tax relief.

Medicaid is dollar inefficient. Federally mandated administration of the program along with requirements for compliance consume dollars needed to provide medical services to the aged, disabled, elderly, children, and pregnant Texans. Medicaid-covered patients have a difficult time getting into a doctor's office and must wait for months before seeing a doctor. During a <u>public hearing</u> in the 85th Texas Legislature, numerous Medicaid recipients testified before the House Appropriations Committee about the multiple medical failures of Texas Medicaid, such as a lack of services on weekends or services for special needs patients, particularly children.

The reason for these failures is Washington's subversion of the original 1965 Medicaid law. Medicaid programs were supposed to be administered by each state individually, not by the federal government. Washington has gradually and incrementally taken over total administration using a one-size-fits-all approach that fails to address a wide diversity of unique state problems, especially in a state as populous and spread out as Texas.

While the recently renegotiated 2011 Section 1115 waiver for managed care in Medicaid may help, the root cause of dysfunction—the administration of *Texas* Medicaid by *Washington*—remains.

Financing of Texas Medicaid is based on the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage Program that provides federal dollars in proportion to how much a state spends. This provides a very powerful and perverse incentive to enroll more people and to spend more money in order to receive greater support from Washington.

Fraud, abuse, and error are common in all Medicaid programs. Every dollar paid out unnecessarily reduces the funds available to pay for those who truly need care. Inappropriate payments have been reported in Arkansas (3.9%), Illinois (34%), Minnesota (17%), Nebraska (25%), New York (8%), and Ohio (10%). If Texas were freed from Washington's control and allowed to use a strict verification process rather than the mandated federal process, Lone Star Medicaid could save at least \$1.19 billion per year.

The Facts

- <u>Section 1801</u> of the original 1965 Medicaid law is titled "Prohibition against any federal interference." For five decades, Washington has ignored or distorted this prohibition.
- Medicaid spending from the Texas budget has increased from 17% in 1991 to 24% in 2018.

2019-20 LEGISLATOR'S GUIDE TO THE ISSUES

- As much as \$12 billion of the \$30 billion to be expended by Texas Medicaid in 2018 will be wasted on federal administration and regulatory compliance.
- Less than half of Texas physicians (47%) accept new Medicaid patients. Only 11% of primary care needs of Texans are being met, and during a public hearing on <u>July 25, 2017</u>, during the 85th Legislature, Medicaid enrollees described how Texas Medicaid is failing to meet their needs.

<u>Recommendation</u>

Texas should request a new Section 1115 waiver from CMS for:

- a waiver of all Medicaid insurance regulations so that Texas can administer its own Medicaid program, and
- a fixed-sum block grant to reduce the current perverse incentive.

Resources

"Sendero Health Plans to Withdraw from Medicaid, CHIP Markets" by Taylor Goldenstein, *Austin American-Statesman* (March 23, 2018).

"2017 Survey of Physician Appointment Wait Times," Merritt Hawkins (Sept. 2017).

<u>Medicaid: Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow—A Short History of Medicaid Policy and Its Impact on Texas</u> by Mary Katherine Stout, Texas Public Policy Foundation (March 2006).

"<u>Hearing on HB 25 and HB 2</u>," Texas House Committee on Appropriations (July 25, 2017).

<u>Survey of Texas Physician 2016: Research Findings</u>, Texas Medical Association. <u>The Saga of 1115—A Waiver Can Fix Texas Medicaid, But Only Temporarily</u> by Deane Waldman, Texas Public Policy Foundation (March 2017).

Experts

Kara Belew, Senior Education Policy Advisor, Center for Innovation in Education kbelew@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: State Budget, Taxes, Public Education Finance and Policy, Public Education Accountability

Derek Cohen, Ph.D., Director, Center for Effective Justice and Right on Crime dcohen@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: Juvenile Justice Reform, Victims' Rights, Overcriminalization, Constitutional Limitations on Corrections

The Hon. Chuck DeVore, VP of National Initiatives; Senior Fellow for Fiscal Policy cdevore@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: Tax and Fiscal Policy, Elections, Foreign Affairs, Military Affairs, Energy and Environmental Policy

Vance Ginn, Ph.D., Director, Center for Economic Prosperity; Senior Economist vginn@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: State Budget and Tax Reform, National and State Labor Market Trends, Tax and Expenditure Limits, Energy Markets and Policy

Michael Haugen, Policy Analyst, Center for Effective Justice and Right on Crime mhaugen@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: Civil Forfeiture, Overcriminalization, Substance Abuse Policy

The Hon. Talmadge Heflin, *Director, Center for Fiscal Policy* theflin@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: State Budget and Taxation, Economic Stabilization Fund, Local Government Spending, Pension Reform, Federal Funds

Haley Holik, Attorney, Center for Effective Justice and Right on Crime hholik@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: Juvenile Justice, Grand Jury Reform, Constitutional Limitations on Search and Seizure, Overcriminalization

Marc Levin, Esq., VP of Criminal Justice and Right on Crime mlevin@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: Adult Corrections, Juvenile Justice, Overcriminalization, Victim Empowerment and Restitution, Law Enforcement, School Discipline

Thomas Lindsay, Ph.D., *Director, Center for Innovation in Education* tlindsay@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: Higher Education, Culture Wars (Political correctness, cultural decline, etc.), America's Founding Principles, Online Learning, Federalism, Tenth Amendment, Interstate Compacts

Brandon J. Logan, Ph. D., Director, Center for Families & Children blogan@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: Child Welfare Policy, Foster Care, Adoption, Family Law, Parental Rights

Bryan Mathew, *Policy Analyst, Center for Local Governance* bmathew@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: Local Economic Regulation, Local Economic Development, Municipal Annexation, Housing Affordability, Property Rights, Special Districts

2019-20 LEGISLATOR'S GUIDE TO THE ISSUES

Stephanie Matthews. VP of Public Affairs

smatthews@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: Workforce Development, Charter Schools, School Choice, Virtual Learning

Jennifer Minjarez, Policy Analyst, Center for Health Care Policy jminjarez@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: Medicaid Reform, Mid-Level Providers, Medical and Dental Licensure Reform

Bill Peacock, VP of Research

bpeacock@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: Electricity Markets and Renewable Energy, Insurance, Technology and Telecommunications, Tort Reform, Property Rights, Economic Development, Consumer Issues

Randy Petersen, Senior Researcher, Center for Effective Justice and Right on Crime rpetersen@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: Policing Policy, Diversion Programs, Civil Asset Forfeiture

James Quintero, *Director, Center for Local Governance* jquintero@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: Budgets, State and Local Spending, Debt, Taxes, Transparency, Pensions

Kevin D. Roberts, Ph.D., Executive Director

kroberts@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: K-12 Education Growth, Increasing Public School Efficiency, Education Choice, Higher Education, Tenth Amendment

Emily Sass, Policy Analyst, Center for Innovation in Education esass@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: K-12 Education, Education Choice, School Finance, Civic Education, Charter Schools

Deane Waldman, Ph.D., Director, Center for Health Care Policy dwaldman@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: Health Care, Medicaid, Telemedicine, Scope of Practice, Regulatory Issues

The Hon. Kathleen Hartnett White, Distinguished Senior Fellow-in-Residence; Director, Center for Energy & the Environment khwhite@texaspolicy.com AREAS OF EXPERTISE: EPA Regulation, Energy and Environmental Policy, Free Market Environmental Policies, Endangered Species Act, Water Rights

The Texas Public Policy Foundation is a 501(c)3 non-profit, non-partisan research institute.

The Foundation's mission is to promote and defend liberty, personal responsibility, and free enterprise in Texas and the nation by educating and affecting policymakers and the Texas public policy debate with academically sound research and outreach.

Funded by thousands of individuals, foundations, and corporations, the Foundation does not accept government funds or contributions to influence the outcomes of its research.

The public is demanding a different direction for their government, and the Texas Public Policy Foundation is providing the ideas that enable policymakers to chart that new course.

